

4. I bequeath to the Duchess of Frioul, the daughter of Duroc,<sup>1</sup> two hundred thousand francs: should she be dead before the payment of this legacy none of it shall be given to the mother.

5. I bequeath to General Kigaud<sup>2</sup> (to him who was proscribed) one hundred thousand francs.

6. I bequeath to Boisnod, the Intendant-Commissary, one hundred thousand francs.

7. I bequeath to the children of General Letort,<sup>3</sup> who was killed in the campaign of 1815, one hundred thousand francs.

8. These eight hundred thousand francs of legacies shall be considered as inserted at the end of article thirty-six of my Testament, which will make the legacies I have disposed of by Will amount to the sum of six millions four hundred thousand francs, without including the donations I have made by my second Codicil.

This is written with my own hand, signed, and sealed with my arms. (L.S.) NAPOLEON.

[On the outside, nearly in the centre, is written: ] This is my third Codicil to my Will, entirely written with my own hand, signed, and sealed with my arms.

[The words are intermixed with the signatures of Bertrand, Mon-tholon, Marchand, and Vignale, with their respective seals; and a piece of green silk runs through the centre. On the upper left corner are the following directions : ]

To be opened the same day, and immediately after the opening of my Will. NAPOLEON.

*This 24th of April, 1821,  
LONGWOOD. This is a fourth Codicil to my  
Testament.*

By the dispositions we have heretofore made we have not fulfilled all our obligations, which has decided us to make this fourth Codicil. 1. We bequeath to the son or grandson of Baron Dutheil, Lieutenant-General of Artillery, and formerly Lord of St. Andr6, who

<sup>1</sup> Duroc, the Grand Marechal du Palais, had been killed in 1813. His widow, a daughter of the Spanish banker and Minister, Hervas d'Almenara, after Duroc's death married a M. Fabvier. The Duchy was given by Napoleon to Duroc's daughter.

<sup>2</sup> General Kigaud had been tried at Paris and sentenced to be shot on 10th May 1816, but had escaped abroad (*Vavlaibelle*, tome iv. p. 210).

<sup>3</sup> General Letort, who was mortally wounded on 15th June, 1815, when ordered by the Emperor to charge the Prussians with his escort, some squadrons of cavalry of the Guard. "No officer," said Napoleon, "possessed in a higher degree the art of leading a charge and communicating an electric spark to men and horses." At his voice and example the most timid became the most intrepid ("Auvergne's Waterloo, p. 69).